

Farrier

Farriers care for the feet of horses, donkeys and mules. They examine the animal's feet, remove worn or damaged shoes, prepare feet for shoeing and then fit new shoes.

Farriers' skills are similar to blacksmiths', but blacksmiths cannot shoe horses unless they are registered as farriers.

The Work

You could be:

- examining a horse's leg, foot and hoof
- removing a damaged shoe
- cleaning and trimming the hoof
- making a shoe by hand or machine, or choosing a suitable new shoe
- heating the new shoe in a forge, then using hammer, anvil and file to shape it to fit the horse
- fitting the shoe to the horse's hoof and hammering it on with special nails
- fitting special shoes to stop damage to feet or legs, or to correct an injury
- discussing some treatments with a veterinary surgeon
- organising appointments, keeping accounts and ordering stock.

Pay

The figures below are only a guide. Actual pay rates may vary, depending on:

- where you work
- the size of company or organisation you work for
- the demand for the job.

Starting salaries for qualified farriers in the UK tend to be in the range of £16,000 to £25,000 a year. Experienced farriers can earn £30,000 or more.

Many farriers are self-employed so their earnings will vary. They charge a fee or hourly rate which depends on the type of work done.

Conditions

- You would work in a forge.
- You might also travel to farms, stables and riding schools, taking equipment with you.
- The work is physically demanding.
- The conditions can be hot and noisy and, at times, uncomfortable.
- There is a risk of injury from the horses.
- Your working hours would vary according to the needs of customers, but they are likely to include some evenings and weekends.

Getting In

- This is a relatively small profession and entry can be competitive.
- By law, to shoe horses, you must be registered with the Farriers' Registration Council.
- You must apply for an advanced apprenticeship with an Approved Training Farrier (ATF). This lasts for four years and two months. Training places for apprentices are limited and you may have to move to another part of the country. (Please see More Information section below).
- You need at least 5 subjects at National 5, including English, Maths and a science subject or equivalent qualifications, for entry. You must also complete a Forging Certificate of 15 forging exercises.
- The Farriers Registration Council (FRC) can provide information on all ATFs.
- Scotland's Rural College (SRUC) runs the City and Guilds 12-week Certificate in Forgework course. To get in you need 3 subjects at National 4 including English and Maths. This course prepares you for a farriery apprenticeship or for an alternative career as a blacksmith.
- You would normally need to have a driving licence.
- You can also train as a farrier in the army in the Royal Horse Artillery or Household Cavalry.

There are only about 2,900 registered farriers in the whole of the UK.

What Does It Take

You need to be able to:

- handle horses with confidence and enjoy working with them
- work alone without supervision
- use common sense and take responsibility.

You need to have:

- strength and stamina
- good practical skills
- good hand skills and co-ordination
- observational skills – to spot disease or injury
- business skills.

Training

- You would train on the job as an apprentice farrier with an Approved Training Farrier.
- This would be combined with block-release college training, leading to a vocational qualification at Level 3 and the Diploma of the Worshipful Company of Farriers (DipWCF).
- The approved colleges currently offering off the job training are in England: Herefordshire and Ludlow College, Myerscough College (Preston) and Warwickshire College.
- Qualified farriers may go on to study for the Associateship and Fellowship of the Worshipful Company of Farriers.

Getting On

- Your first job may be with a small country firm.
- There may be more senior appointments available with horse breeders, large stables and mounted sections or regiments of the police or army.
- With experience you may be able to become a supervisor or craft instructor.
- If you are able to attend Myerscough College (Preston) on a part time basis, you could study for the Diploma in Higher Education (DipHE) in Farriery or BSc (Hons) Farriery (Top-up).
- Many farriers are self-employed, and therefore you may consider setting up your own business.
- There can be opportunities to work abroad.
- All registered farriers are required to undertake continuing professional development (CPD). This includes both formal (structured professional learning) and informal (self-managed learning, such as reading related materials) types.

More Information

There are now 3 colleges that provide approved farriery apprenticeships - Herefordshire and Ludlow College, Myerscough College (Preston) and Warwickshire College.

The Farriers Registration Council accredits and monitors the training.

Contacts

British Farriers and Blacksmiths Association (BFBA)

Tel: 024 7669 6595

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Website: www.forgeandfarrier.co.uk/bfba/index.htm

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Facebook: www.facebook.com/CAWInfo

Farriers Registration Council

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Lantra Scotland

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Twitter: @LantraScotland

Facebook: www.facebook.com/lantrascotland

Worshipful Company of Farriers

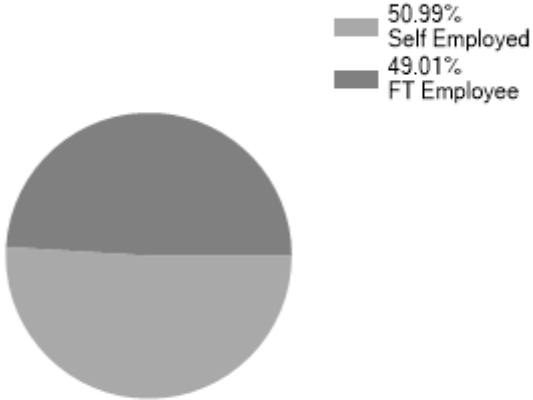
Tel: 01923 260747

Email: theclerk@wcf.org.uk

Website: www.wcf.org.uk

Statistics

Employment Status UK %



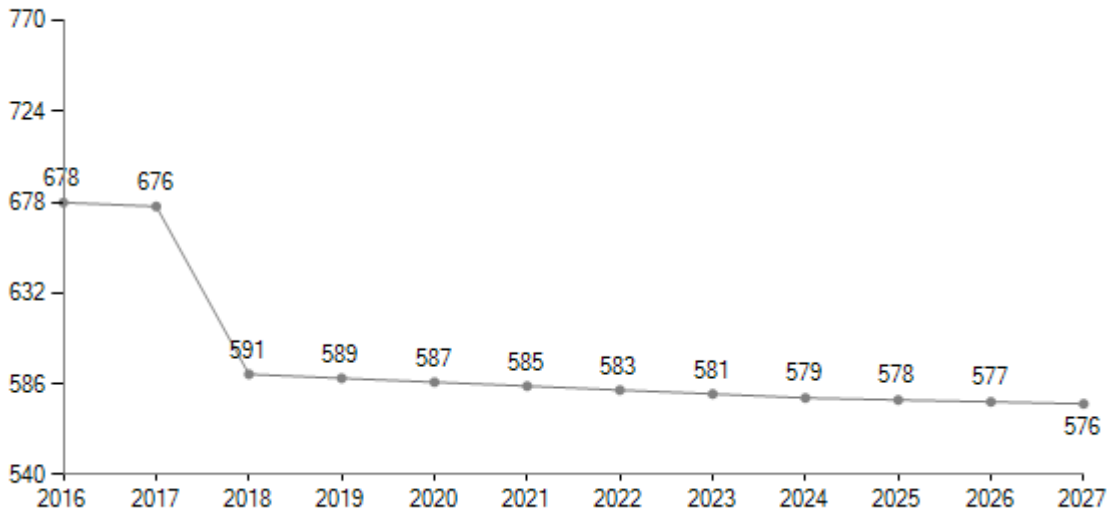
Past Unemployment - Scotland

Date	Unemployed
Dec 2016	0.73%

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Predicted Employment in Scotland



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